

6.4 Rational Equations (Part Two)

Example: The sum of two numbers is 16. The sum of their reciprocals is $\frac{1}{3}$. Find the numbers.

let the numbers be n and $16-n$ (Note: $n + (16-n) = 16$)

$$\frac{3n(16-n)}{n} + \frac{1 \cdot 3n(16-n)}{16-n} = \frac{1 \cdot 3n(16-n)}{3} \quad \text{LCD } 3n(16-n)$$

$$3(16-n) + 3n = n(16-n)$$

$$48 - 3n + 3n = 16n - n^2$$

$$n^2 - 16n + 48 = 0$$

$$(n-4)(n-12) = 0$$

$$n = 4, 12$$

The numbers are 4 and 12

Example: It takes 4 hours for Michelle to paint a room. Her younger brother David takes 6 hours to paint the same room. How long would it take them to paint the room working together?

let t = time it takes working together.

	Time to paint room	Fraction of work done in 1 hour	Fraction of work done in t hours
Michelle	4 hours	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{t}{4}$
David	6 hours	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{t}{6}$
Together	t	$\frac{1}{t}$	1 ← the whole job

$$\frac{t}{4} + \frac{t}{6} = 1 \quad \text{LCD} = 12$$

$$\frac{12t}{4} + \frac{12t}{6} = 12$$

$$3t + 2t = 12$$

$$5t = 12$$

$$t = \frac{12}{5} \text{ hours} = 2\frac{2}{5} \text{ hours} = 2.4 \text{ hours}$$

Example: A train has a scheduled run of 160 km between two cities in Saskatchewan. If the average speed is decreased by 16 km/h, the run will take $\frac{1}{2}$ hour longer. What is the average speed of the train?

let x be the average (current speed)

	Distance (km)	Speed (km/h)	Time (h)
At current speed	160	x	$\frac{160}{x}$
At slower speed	160	$x-16$	$\frac{160}{x-16}$

at slower speed it takes 0.5 h longer.

$$\frac{160}{x-16} = \frac{160}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \quad x \neq 16$$

LCD: $2x(x-16)$

$$2x(x-16) \cdot \frac{160}{(x-16)} = 2x(x-16) \cdot \frac{160}{x} + 2x(x-16) \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$320x = 320x - 5120 + x^2 - 16x$$

$$0 = x^2 - 16x - 5120$$

$$0 = (x-80)(x+64)$$

$$x = -64, 80$$

↑
it doesn't make sense for average initial speed to be negative.

$$x = \boxed{80 \text{ km/h}}$$